

Station 2: Multiples and LCM

Choose one of these problems that has not yet been solved. Solve it together on your student page. Then, use your marker to copy your work neatly on the chart paper. Use your marker to cross out your choice so that the next group solves a different problem.

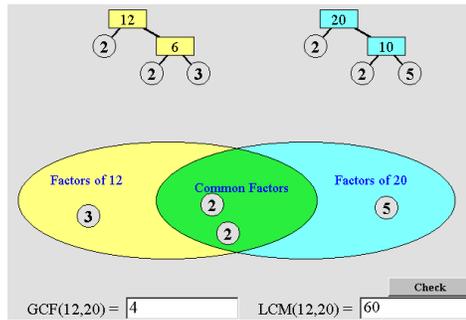
Find the least common multiple of one of these pairs: 9, 12; 8, 18; 4, 30; 12, 30; 20, 50.

Next, choose one of these problems that has not yet been solved:

- a. Hot dogs come packed 10 in a package. Hot dog buns come packed 8 in a package. If we want one hot dog for each bun for a picnic, with none left over, what is the least amount of each we need to buy? How many packages of each item would we have to buy?
- b. Starting at 6:00 a.m., a bus makes a stop at my street corner every 15 minutes. Also starting at 6:00 a.m., a taxi cab comes by every 12 minutes. What is the next time there will be a bus and a taxi at the corner at the same time?
- c. Two gears in a machine are aligned by a mark drawn from the center of one gear to the center of the other. If the first gear has 24 teeth, and the second gear has 40 teeth, how many revolutions of the first gear are needed until the marks line up again?
- d. Is the LCM of a pair of numbers ever equal to one of the numbers? Explain with an example.
- e. Is the LCM of a pair of numbers ever less than both numbers? Explain with an example.

Solve it together on your student page. Then, use your marker to copy your work neatly on this chart paper. Use your marker to cross out your choice so that the next group solves a different problem.

Station 3: Using Prime Factors to Determine GCF



Choose one of these problems that has not yet been solved. Solve it together on your student page. Then, use your marker to copy your work neatly on the chart paper. Use your marker to cross out your choice so that the next group solves a different problem.

Use Prime Factors to find the Greatest Common Factor of one of the following pairs of numbers:

- 30, 50 30, 45 45, 60 42, 70 96, 144

Next, choose one of these problems that has not yet been solved:

- a. Would you rather find all the factors of a number or find all the prime factors of a number? Why?

- b. Find the GCF of your original pair of numbers.

- c. Is the product of your LCM and GCF less than, greater than, or equal to the product of your numbers?

- d. Glenn’s favorite number is very special because it reminds him of the day his daughter, Sarah, was born. The factors of this number do not repeat, and all of the prime numbers are less than 12. What is Glenn’s number? When was Sarah born?

Station 4: Applying Factors to the Distributive Property

Study these examples of how factors apply to the distributive property.

$$8 + 12 = 4(2) + 4(3) = 4(2 + 3) = 20$$

$$4(2) + 4(3) = 4(5) = 20$$

$$15 + 25 = 5(3) + 5(5) = 5(3 + 5) = 40$$

$$5(3) + 5(5) = 5(8) = 40$$

$$36 - 24 = 4(9) - 4(6) = 4(9 - 6) = 12$$

$$4(9) - 4(6) = 4(3) = 12$$

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Find the GCF from the two numbers, and rewrite the sum using the distributive property.

1. $12 + 18 =$

2. $42 + 14 =$

3. $36 + 27 =$

4. $16 + 72 =$

5. $44 + 33 =$

Next, add another new example to one of these two statements applying factors to the distributive property.

Choose any numbers for n , a , and b .

$$n(a) + n(b) = n(a + b)$$

$$n(a) - n(b) = n(a - b)$$